programme alongwith other health programmes. Since the National Men. tal Health Programme has not been categorised as National Health Programme, the question of placing the drugs needed for curing Mental illness under category-I does not arise.

(d) No.

(e) Does not arise.

Drugs tested by Govt. Drugs Laboratories

1562. DR. (SHRIMATI) SAROJINI MAHISHI;

SHRI JAGESH DESAI:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Central Drags Standard Control Organisation receives a copy of the test report on drug tested by any Government Drug Laboratory in India;

(b) whether any action is taken on the test report by this organisation and within how many days in each case;

(c) how many such test reports were received in the last three years, year-wise and the natuVe of action taken on them;

(d) what are the details of test reports in each case during last three years, year-wise; and

(e) how many were found to be of sub-standard quality?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (by As per the provisions of the Drugs & Cosmetics Act, the Government Analysts receive samples of drugs drawn by the Drugs Inspectors of States and the Centre. After testing, the Government Analysts are required to send signed reports in triplicate in the prescribed Form. Normally a copy of such report is sent by the Government Analysts *to* the Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation, New Delhi. These reports are forwarded by the Office of the Drugs Controller, India to the concerned Zonal Offices of the Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation for follow up action with the State Drugs Controller where the manufacturer is located.

(c) to (e) As per the availableinformation with this Ministry, the-total number of samples tested andfound substandard for the years i:384-85, 85-86 and 86-87 are given below:

Year	Number of samples tested	Number of samples found sub-standard
1984-85	18504	3532
1985-86	19035	2705
1986-87	28382	4066

Testing of Sera and Vaccine$_s$ samples

1563. SHRI JAGESH DESAI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be plessed to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that samples of Sera and Vaccines are not tested in adequate number in the Central and State Laboratory,

(b) whether the dealers of Sera and Vaccines, being aware of the lack of testing facilities, market these pro ducts without ensuring cold storage conditions;

(c) whether any study, in this matter has been made; and

(d) what steps are proposed to be taken to remove the deficiencies in testing facilities7

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SA ROJ KHAPARDE): (a) Under the provisions of the Drugs and Cosmetics Rules, the Central Research Institute, Kasauli has been notified as the statu tory laboratory for testing of all sera and vaccines. It is, however not a fact that samples of sera and vaccines are not tested in adequate numbers in this laboratory.

(b) and (c) Does not arise in view of (a).

(d) Further augmentation of testing facilities at CRI, Kasauli and identification of some other laboratories far testing biological pioducts are under consideration.

National Health Programme

1564. SHRI JAGESH DESAI. Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of the National Health Programmes and how they are drawn;

(b) what a're the basis and criteria adopter) for inclusion oi: any programmes in the National Health Programme;

(c) when and how the programmes which are included in the National Health Programmes are reviewed;

(d) when last review took place;

(e) whether it is a fact that certain programmes have been excluded, how it; and

(f) if so, names of those programmes, and reasons for exclusion of each?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (b) List of the National Health Programmes is g:ven in the Statement *(See* below).

Various research bodi€s, individuals & Voluntary organisations dealing with Health care activities carry out surveys from time to time and bring out Health information containing Epidemiology including the magnitude of morbidity and mortality effects of various diseases occuring in the community. Expert groups are set up to go into the Epidemiological details and wherever si'uation warrants the Government while framing the Plans, lays down policies to control eradicate a particular disease throughout the country on a set pattern in consultation with tha state Governments, for approval by the N.D.C.

(c) & (d) Every National Health Programme has an inbuilt system oi concurrent and terminal evaluation. The programmes are monitored periodically by the State and the Central Health authorities and officers of the Planning Commission,

(e) No, Sir.

(f) Does not arise.

Statement

National Health Programmes

1. National Malalria Eradication Programme
2. National TB Control Program me.
3. National Filaria Control Programme
4. National Programme for Pre vention of Visual Impairment and Control of Blindness
5. Diarrhoeal Diseases Control Programme
6. National Goitre Control Programme
7. STD Control Programme
8. Universal Programme on Immunisation
9. National AIDS Control Programme
10. National Leprosy Eradication Programme and
11. National Family Welfare Pro gramme including Mother and Child Health.